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1 Connecting AR.Drone to UgCS

1.1 First time vehicle connection

See Disclaimer.

Only AR.Drone version 2.0 is supported.

Please follow these steps to connect an AR.Drone vehicle to the UgCS:

1. AR.Drone should have Flight Recorder installed. See manufacturer manual for details as well as official web-site: http://ardrone2.parrot.com/

2. The connection to the drone is based on Wi-Fi network. The drone creates Wi-Fi access point (typically named “ardrone2_XXXXXX”) to which your PC should connect (the one where VSM is running).

Attention

Notes on ArDrone WiFi connectivity:

• Always ensure you have connected to the ArDrone Wi-Fi access point.

• Reconnect to ArDrone manually.
  It is recommended to manually reconnect to ArDrone WiFi network after power-cycling the ArDrone. E.g. after battery change. This is because it can take significant time until OS reconnects to the WiFi automatically.

• ArDrone does not support multiple controllers connected to single drone.
  Please make sure your iPad or iPhone device is disconnected from ArDrone WiFi and you do not have ArDrone applications running on your iPad or iPhone before connecting to UgCS.
  Please disconnect the computer running UgCS from ArDrone WiFi network before you try to connect your iPad or iPhone to ArDrone WiFi.

3. As soon as uplink and downlink connection is established, the vehicle should appear in the active vehicles list in main (map) view. Open Vehicles window from main menu and choose the corresponding vehicle for editing by clicking on the menu item and selecting Edit button. Now you can select the vehicle profile and change the default vehicle name to be convenient for you:
Vehicle profile needs to be assigned to allow mission planning with this vehicle. Vehicle avatar should be assigned in vehicle profile to properly see the vehicle location on map.

1.1.1 Multiple drones connection

All AR.Drone vehicles in default configuration use the same IP address, so it is not possible to connect multiple AR.Drone vehicles to the same computer without doing non-standard vehicle reconfiguration. Community written instructions about how to do it exist, but they are not officially supported by AR.Drone manufacturer Parrot. The easiest way how to connect multiple AR.Drone vehicles to UgCS is to connect each vehicle to its own computer with AR.Drone VSM running on it:

In this case Automatic VSM Discovery protocol should discover all vehicles that are connected to PCs within current local area network. Some times it is necessary trough to add addresses of all computers to UgCS VSM.
AR.Drone vehicles in UgCS are identified by a MavLink ID which is also the same for all AR.Drone vehicles, thus does not allow to distinguish one vehicle from another. To overcome this problem, it is necessary to assign custom serial number for connected vehicle on each computer. That is, for example, AR.Drone on PC1 will have serial number 1, but AR.Drone on PC2 will have serial number 2:

Add these lines to the first VSM:

```
vehicle.ardrone.custom.my_drone.system_id = 1
vehicle.ardrone.custom.my_drone.model_name = AR.drone 2.0
vehicle.ardrone.custom.my_drone.serial_number = 1
```

And these lines to the second one:

```
vehicle.ardrone.custom.my_drone.system_id = 1
vehicle.ardrone.custom.my_drone.model_name = AR.drone 2.0
vehicle.ardrone.custom.my_drone.serial_number = 2
```

Of course, you need to make sure that network connection between UCS and computers with VSMs exist.

1.2 Mission execution specifics

- Fail-safe settings in mission properties are ignored.

ArDrone has the following hardcoded fail-safe settings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Behavior</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>On GPS signal loss</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Has not been tested. Should be Wait or Land.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On WiFi signal loss</td>
<td>Continue mission</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On low battery</td>
<td>Land</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mission waypoint actions supported by ArDrone:
Please carefully check your flight plan for maximum distance from ground station. It is worth not to fly far (maximum 30-50 meters) from a GS because the AR.Drone is equipped with a short-range Wi-Fi.

In each route for AR.Drone you should always have landing points. In any flight plan a landing point should be near you or starting point. If you do not specify a landing point, the AR.Drone will loiter in air until empty battery. Landing point ensures that AR.Drone will automatically return and land at this point even if connection is lost between the drone and a GS.

It might be necessary to wait several minutes after the AR.Drone is powered on in order to have strong GPS signal. It was noticed that the AR.Drone positioning quality is very poor if the flight is started instantly after powering on the drone.

ArDrone will not accept missions where any waypoint is lower than ground elevation at base location. It is not able to fly below starting point.

### 1.3 Command execution specifics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Support</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARM</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DISARM</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUTOMODE</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Takeoff and start mission execution. If there is no mission on the drone it stays on the ground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MANUALMODE</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLICK &amp; GO</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JOYSTICK</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOLD</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Pause mission execution. The drone will loiter at its current position. It is possible to disconnect GS PC and connect by a native application for manual control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTINUE</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Continue mission execution if previously paused by HOLD.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RETURNHOME</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAKEOFF</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAND</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMERGENCYLAND</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Beware! Drone will fall down immediately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAMERA_TRIGGER</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Trigger camera shutter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 1.4 Command visibility

UGCS Client shows command buttons in different shades. Highlighted buttons suggest recommended commands, depending on vehicle current state. You can always press all buttons regardless of shade.

**Command visibility:**
1.5 Telemetry information specifics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Button highlighted</th>
<th>Button shaded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Armed</td>
<td>LAND, EMERGENCYLAND, HOLD, CONTINUE</td>
<td>AUTO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disarmed</td>
<td>AUTO, CONTINUE, HOLD</td>
<td>LAND, EMERGENCYLAND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Armed state inconsistency:

Note

Sometimes ArDrone will report itself as "Armed" even though it sits on the ground with motors off. It can happen after "LAND" command issued from the client. This is a flaw in ArDrone firmware and can be ignored. The state returns to "Disarmed" after a power cycle.

1.5 Telemetry information specifics

Nothing specific.

1.6 Video link

The AR.Drone has on-board HD camera and broadcasts the video stream via Wi-Fi. To watch the video in UgCS you should add the video stream on the video configuration page. Use this URL:

```
tcp://192.168.1.1:5555/
```

Currently it is supported only for UgCS client running on the computer which has direct Wi-Fi connection to AR.Drone.

1.7 Configuration file

Default configuration file of the AR.Drone VSM suits most needs and it is generally not necessary to modify it.

Configuration file location:

- **On Microsoft Windows:**
  
  `C:\Program Files (x86)\UgCS\bin\vsm-ardrone.conf`

- **On GNU/Linux:**
  
  `/etc/opt/ugcs/vsm-ardrone.conf`

- **On Apple OS X:**
  
  `/Users/[user name]/Library/Application Support/UGCS/configuration/vsm-ardrone.conf`

1.7.1 Common parameters

All VSMs share a common set of configuration file parameters described in Common configuration file parameters. AR.Drone VSM configuration file prefix is:

```
vehicle.ardrone
```

1.7.2 UDP connection configuration

Ardrone supports only **udp_out** connection type with specific ports:

```
connection.udp_out.1.local_port = 14550
connection.udp_out.1.address = 192.168.1.1
connection.udp_out.1.port = 14551
```

See Outgoing UDP connection configuration for details.
1.7.3 Model name and serial number override

Optional.

- **Name**: vehicle.ardrone.custom.[name].system_id = [system id]
- **Name**: vehicle.ardrone.custom.[name].model_name = [model name]
- **Name**: vehicle.ardrone.custom.[name].serial_number = [serial number]
- **Description**: In UgCS each vehicle is identified by a unique combination of model name and serial number represented as text strings. By default, Ar.Drone vehicles are identified with a model name Ar.Drone and serial number equal with the Mavlink system id read from the vehicle. It can be overridden by these parameters, where [name] is an arbitrary vehicle name, [system id] is the original Mavlink system id which should be overridden, [model name] is a new model name to be visible to the UgCS, [serial number] is a new serial number to be visible to the UgCS.

- **Example**: 

  ```
  vehicle.ardrone.custom.my_drone.system_id = 2
  vehicle.ardrone.custom.my_drone.model_name = AR.drone 2.0
  vehicle.ardrone.custom.my_drone.serial_number = 123456
  ```

1.8 Common configuration file parameters

VSM configuration file is a text file specified via command line argument `-config` of the VSM application. Example:

```
--config /etc/opt/ugcs/vsm-ardupilot.conf
```

Each configuration parameter is defined as a line in the configuration file with the following structure:

```
namel.name2....nameX = value
```

where name1, name2 ... nameX are arbitrary names separated by dots to divide a variable into logical blocks and a value which can be a number value or a text string depending on the context. See below the description about common VSM configuration parameters.

1.8.1 UgCS server configuration

VSM can connect to UgCS in two different ways:

- Listen for connection form the UgCS server. See Listening address and Listening port.
  When VSM is configured in listening mode automatic VSM discovery can be set up, too. See Automatic service discovery
- Initiate connection to UgCS server. See UgCS server address and UgCS server port.

At least one of the above must be configured for VSM to work.

1.8.1.1 Listening address

Optional.

- **Name**: ucs.local_listening_address = [IP address]
- **Description**: Local address to listen for incoming connections from UgCS server.
- **Default**: 0.0.0.0 (listen on all local addresses)
- **Example**: ucs.local_listening_address = 10.0.0.2

```
1.8 Common configuration file parameters

1.8.1.2 Listening port
Optional.

- **Name**: ucs.local_listening_port = [port number]
- **Description**: Local TCP port to listen for incoming connections from UgCS server. Default is 5556.
- **Example**: ucs.local_listening_port = 5556

1.8.1.3 UgCS server address
Optional.

- **Name**: ucs.address = [IP address]
- **Description**: UgCS server address to connect to.
- **Example**: ucs.address = 1.2.3.4

1.8.1.4 UgCS server port
Optional.

- **Name**: ucs.port = [port number]
- **Description**: UgCS server port.
- **Example**: ucs.port = 3335

1.8.1.5 Retry timeout
Optional.

- **Name**: ucs.retry_timeout = [seconds]
- **Description**: Retry timeout for outgoing server connections in seconds.
- **Default**: 10
- **Example**: retry_timeout = 11

1.8.2 Automatic service discovery

VSM can respond to automatic service discovery requests form UgCS server.
When this parameter is not configured, service discovery is disabled.
Optional.

- **Name**: service_discovery.vsm_name = [Service name]
- **Description**: Human readable service name.
- **Example**: service_discovery.vsm_name = Ardupilot VSM
1.8.3 Logging configuration

1.8.3.1 Level
Optional.

- **Name:** log.level = [error|warning|info|debug]
- **Description:** Logging level.
- **Default:** info
- **Example:** log.level = debug

1.8.3.2 File path
Optional.

- **Name:** log.file_path = [path to a file]
- **Description:** Absolute or relative (to the current directory) path to a logging file. Logging is disabled if logging file is not defined. File should be writable. Backslash should be escaped with a backslash.
- **Example:** log.file = /var/opt/ugcs/log/vsm-ardupilot/vsm-ardupilot.log
- **Example:** log.file = C:\Users\John\AppData\Local\UGCS\logs\vsm-ardupilot\vsm-ardupilot.log

1.8.3.3 Maximum single file size
Optional.

- **Name:** log.single_max_size = [size]
- **Description:** Maximum size of a single log file. When maximum size is exceeded, existing file is renamed by adding a time stamp and logging is continued into the empty file. [size] should be defined as a number postfixed by a case insensitive multiplier:
  - Gb, G, Gbyte, Gbytes: for Giga-bytes
  - Mb, M, Mbyte, Mbytes: for Mega-bytes
  - Kb, K, Kbyte, Kbytes: for Kilo-bytes
  - no postfix: for bytes
- **Default:** 100 Mb
- **Example:** log.single_max_size = 500 Mb

1.8.3.4 Maximum number of old log files
Optional.

- **Name:** log.max_file_count = [number]
- **Description:** Log rotation feature. Maximum number of old log files to keep. After reaching single_max_size of current log file VSM will rename it with current time in extension and start new one. VSM will delete older logs so the number of old logs does not exceed the max_file_count.
- **Default:** 1
- **Example:** log.max_file_count = 5

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1.8.4 Mission dump path

Optional.

- **Name:** [prefix].mission_dump_path = [path to a file]
- **Description:** File to dump all generated missions to. Timestamp is appended to the name. Delete the entry to disable mission dumping. All directories in the path to a file should be already created.
- **Example:** vehicle.ardupilot.mission_dump_path = C:\tmp\ardupilot_dump

1.9 Command execution control

When vehicle is connected via unreliable link VSM will retry each command several times before failing. This section describes the parameters which control the command execution.

1.9.1 Command try count

- **Name:** vehicle.command_try_count = <number of="times">=
- **Description:** Number of times the command will be issued before declaring it as failed. Must be greater than zero.
- **Default:** 3
- **Example:** vehicle.command_try_count = 5

1.9.2 Command timeout

- **Name:** vehicle.command_timeout = <timeout in="seconds">=
- **Description:** Time to wait for response on issued command before retrying.
- **Unit:** second
- **Default:** 1
- **Example:** vehicle.command_timeout = 3.14

1.10 Communication with vehicle

VSM can communicate with Vehicle over different communication channels. Currently supported channels:

- Serial port, see [Serial port configuration](#) for details.
- Outgoing TCP, see [Outgoing TCP connection configuration](#) for details.
- Incoming TCP, see [Incoming TCP connection configuration](#) for details.
- Outgoing UDP, see [Outgoing UDP connection configuration](#) for details.
- Incoming UDP, see [Incoming UDP connection configuration](#) for details.
- vsm-proxy (XBee), see [Proxy configuration](#) for details.
1.10.1 Serial port configuration

VSM which communicates with vehicles via serial ports should define at least one serial port, otherwise VSM will not try to connect to the vehicles. Port name and baud rate should be both defined.

1.10.1.1 Port name

Required.

- **Name**: connection.serial.[index].name = [regular expression]
- **Description**: Ports which should be used to connect to the vehicles by given VSM. Port names are defined by a [regular expression] which can be used to define just a single port or create a port filtering regular expression. Expression is case insensitive on Windows. [index] is an arbitrary port indexing name.
- **Example**: connection.serial.1.name = /dev/ttyUSB[0-9]+|com[0-9]+
- **Example**: connection.serial.2.name = com42

1.10.1.2 Port baud rate

Required.

- **Name**: connection.serial.[index].baud.[baud index] = [baud]
- **Description**: Baud rate for port opening. [baud index] is an optional arbitrary name used when it is necessary to open the same serial port using multiple baud rates. [index] is an arbitrary port indexing name.
- **Example**: connection.serial.1.baud.1 = 9600
- **Example**: connection.serial.1.baud.2 = 57600
- **Example**: connection.serial.2.baud = 38400

1.10.1.3 Excluded port name

Optional.

- **Name**: connection.serial.exclude.[exclude index] = [regular expression]
- **Description**: Ports which should not be used for vehicle access by this VSM. Port names are defined by a [regular expression] which can be used to define just a single port or create a port filtering regular expression. Filter is case insensitive on Windows. [exclude index] is an arbitrary indexing name used when more than one exclude names are defined.
- **Example**: connection.serial.exclude.1 = /dev/ttyS.*
- **Example**: connection.serial.exclude = com1

1.10.1.4 Serial port arbiter

Optional.

- **Name**: connection.serial.use_arbiter = [yes|no]
- **Description**: Enable (yes) or disable (no) serial port access arbitration between VSMs running on the same machine. It is recommended to have it enabled to avoid situation when multiple VSMs try to open the same port simultaneously.
- **Default**: yes
- **Example**: connection.serial.use_arbiter = no
1.10 Communication with vehicle

1.10.2 Outgoing TCP connection configuration

VSM can be configured to connect to the vehicle via TCP. VSM will try to establish connection to the specified address:port.

Used to connect to vehicle simulator or when vehicle is equipped with WiFi adapter.

1.10.2.1 Remote TCP port

Required.

- **Name**: connection.tcp_out.[index].port = [port number]
- **Description**: Remote port to connect to.
- **Example**: connection.tcp_out.1.port = 5762

1.10.2.2 IP-address for outgoing TCP connection

Required.

- **Name**: connection.tcp_out.[index].address = [IP-address]
- **Description**: IP-address of vehicle to connect to.
- **Example**: connection.tcp_out.1.address = 10.0.0.111

1.10.2.3 Retry timeout

Optional.

- **Name**: connection.tcp_out.[index].retry_timeout = [seconds]
- **Description**: Time before retrying after connection failure
- **Default**: 10
- **Example**: connection.tcp_out.1.retry_timeout = 55

1.10.3 Incoming TCP connection configuration

VSM can be configured to listen for incoming TCP connections from the vehicle. Multiple vehicles are supported on the same port.

Used to connect to vehicle equipped with WiFi adapter.

1.10.3.1 Local listening TCP port

Required.

- **Name**: connection.tcp_in.[index].local_port = [port number]
- **Description**: Remote port to connect to.
- **Example**: connection.tcp_in.1.local_port = 5762
1.10.3.2 Local IP address

Optional.

- **Name:** connection.tcp_in.[index].local_address = [IP-address]
- **Description:** Local ip address to bind to.
- **Default:** 0.0.0.0 (all interfaces)
- **Example:** connection.tcp_in.1.local_address = 127.0.0.1

1.10.4 Outgoing UDP connection configuration

VSM can be configured to connect to the vehicle via UDP. VSM will try to establish UDP connection to the specified address:port.

1.10.4.1 Remote IP-address for UDP

Required.

- **Name:** connection.udp_out.[index].address = [IP-address]
- **Description:** Remote IP-address to send outgoing UDP packets to.
- **Example:** connection.udp_out.1.address = 192.168.1.1

1.10.4.2 Remote UDP port

Required.

- **Name:** connection.udp_out.[index].port = [port number]
- **Description:** Remote UDP port to send outgoing packets to.
- **Example:** connection.udp_out.1.port = 14551

1.10.4.3 Local IP-address for UDP

Optional.

- **Name:** connection.udp_out.[index].local_address = [IP-address]
- **Description:** Local ip address to bind to.
- **Default:** 0.0.0.0 (bind to all interfaces)
- **Example:** connection.udp_out.1.local_address = 0.0.0.0

1.10.4.4 Local UDP port

Optional.

- **Name:** connection.udp_out.[index].local_port = [port number]
- **Description:** Local UDP port to listen for incoming packets on.
- **Default:** 0 (bind to random port)
- **Example:** connection.udp_out.1.local_port = 14550
1.10.5 Incoming UDP connection configuration

VSM can be configured to listen for UDP connections from the vehicle. Vehicle must be actively sending heartbeat/telemetry on specified UDP port before it can be detected by VSM. VSM will automatically detect multiple vehicles on the same port. This is very useful for "drone swarm" setups as there is no need to specify connector for each vehicle and no need to know the IP address of each vehicle in advance.

1.10.5.1 Local UDP port

Required.

- **Name**: connection.udp_in.[index].local_port = [port number]
- **Description**: Local UDP port to listen for incoming packets on.
- **Example**: connection.udp_in.1.local_port = 14550

1.10.5.2 Local IP-address for UDP

Optional.

- **Name**: connection.udp_in.[index].local_address = [IP-address]
- **Description**: Local ip address to bind to.
- **Default**: 0.0.0.0 (bind to all interfaces)
- **Example**: connection.udp_in.1.local_address = 0.0.0.0

1.10.6 Incoming UDP connection configuration (any peer)

This connection type is similar to "udp_in" with the exception that all incoming traffic will be received as one stream. It is used for special purpose connections and cannot be used to connect vehicles.

1.10.6.1 Local UDP port

Required.

- **Name**: connection.udp_any.[index].local_port = [port number]
- **Description**: Local UDP port to listen for incoming packets on.
- **Example**: connection.udp_any.1.local_port = 14550

1.10.6.2 Local IP-address for UDP

Optional.

- **Name**: connection.udp_any.[index].local_address = [IP-address]
- **Description**: Local ip address to bind to.
- **Default**: 0.0.0.0 (bind to all interfaces)
- **Example**: connection.udp_any.1.local_address = 0.0.0.0

1.10.7 Proxy configuration

VSM is able to communicate with vehicle via proxy service which redirects dataflow received from vehicle through TCP connection to VSM and vice versa using specific protocol. In other words proxy service appears as a router between vehicle and VSM. At the moment there is one implementation of proxy in UgCS called XBee Connector which retranslates data from ZigBee network to respective VSM.
1.10.7.1  IP-address for proxy

Required.

- **Name:** connection.proxy.[index].address = [IP-address]
- **Description:** IP-address to connect proxy to. Specify local or remote address.
- **Example:** connection.proxy.1.address = 127.0.0.1

1.10.7.2  TCP port for proxy

Required.

- **Name:** connection.proxy.[index].port = [port number]
- **Description:** TCP port to be connected with proxy through. Should be the same as in configuration on proxy side.
- **Example:** connection.proxy.1.port = 5566

1.10.7.3  Retry timeout

Optional.

- **Name:** connection.proxy.[index].retry_timeout = [seconds]
- **Description:** Time before retrying after connection failure
- **Default:** 10
- **Example:** connection.proxy.1.retry_timeout = 55

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